15.2 Iupignowock TIS Reparation aversopaions was the Baion Tov Tivava ms oxieriuis ioxuos oseum-Baorum, mo Bretze av n nos the avriben nacessem: 1. HCN(aq) + SO42(aq) -> 2. HSO4 (aq) + Clo(aq) -> # (N (aq) + SO4 (aq) -> HSO4 (aq) + CN (aq) oss(1) | Bam(2) oss(2) | Bam(1). And tor rivaua tos oxerium roxus osein-Baour apouinza ou HCN KHSOG ual mara ornéhma m napana vu avrispaon neografiniran va evroni za avrispuvna.
Enz. neogrupam neos znv arristry markishvan HSO4 (aq) + Clo(aq) -> HClo(aq) + SO4 (aq) osc (1) β aim (2) δ c(2) β aim (1) Ano zov avzi morxo nivava, HClo < HSOy nas vaza ovrinna n avzi-Spaon evoli za neoi'òvra s'nz-avajutivira va zaßh Xwpa or-onpavrium éuraon. 15.3 Ποιές είναι τοι συρετυτρώσεις τον των υδρονίου μαι τοντων υδροξει δίω για τα παραμάτω δια γύμωτα στον 25°C. Πόσο το pH ωίθε διαχύματος;

(a) Διά χυμα υδροχηωριμού οξέος 0,0075 Μ (25°C) (B) Aia Jupa uspo] 45ia Tou Bapial 0,0020 M (25°C) (a) $HCL_{(aq)} + H_2O(e) \rightarrow H_3O^{\dagger}(aq) + CL_{(aq)} T_0 HCL_{a'vai} ique'o$ 0,0075M 0,0075M $- K... 10^{-14}$ $Apa [H_30^+] = 0,0075 M$, Kata awanna $[OH^-] = \frac{K_W}{[H_3^+0]} = \frac{10^{-14}}{0,0075} = \frac{10^{-14}}{10^{-14}}$ -> [OH-]=1,3×10-12M pH = -log (0,0075) = 2,12 (Bosamer Tion Schafflua tratia don Gival)

Ta ompavilla tras [1+30+] (B) Ta Ba(OH) z fivai 10 xupm Balon nov Silotatai nampus $B_{a}(OH)_{2} \xrightarrow{H_{2}O} Ba^{2+}(aq) + 2OH^{-}(aq)$ 0.0020M $A_{00} = 0,0020M$ $\Rightarrow [H_{30}^{\dagger}] = \frac{1,0\times10^{-14}}{0,00040} = 2,5\times10^{-12} M$ 'Apa pH = - log (2,5 ×10-12) = 11,60 (nzvidos Jeu. tropius = nzvidos on pr. tropius = nzvidos on

15.4 Ynodioce òci éxere 557 mL nurvoi Siazipares HCL 0,0300M [Eq.32] uai Jejter va napaounaoeze éva Siajuha HCL nou va éxa pH=1,831. Moios eivai o mégiorus óquos біадинакоз (от дігра) пои ипоретте va napaouwaoeze;

Για το διάγυμα που θα παρασιιναστεί η [H3 ot]=10-PH=10-1,831 => => [H30+] = 0,014757 M m onola cival ion MF TON [HCE] apol to HCL fival 10xupo of J

Mt Balon vov who ms apaiwons: M, V1 = M2 Y2 => $\Rightarrow V_2 = \frac{M_1 \cdot V_1}{M_2} = \frac{(557 \text{ m2})(0.0300 \text{ M})}{(0.014757 \text{ M})} = 1132,3 \text{ mL} = 1.1323 \text{ L}$

15.5 Era Siazupa nepityer 4,25 g appuvids ava 250,2ml Siazuparos. Meronious meureinnis apripipionas das 25°C 54 xvon ozi 20 0,42% rns appuvids EXH autidpaioti pet to ried. Spayte mu esionen fil avin env avi spaon na ungo piore zu pH con Siag-portos. (Dirtra U. MNHz = 17,03 amn)

Havrispaon rus NHz με το HzO Gival:

NH3 (aq) + H2O(0) => NH4+ (aq) + OH (aq)

Apoi ext avridocion provo to 0,42% orphopoironer ou on [0H] = 0,9982M × 0,42 = 0,00419 M

Apa pOH = -log(0,00419) = 2,378 pH = 14,00-poH = 14,00-2,378 = 11,622 = 11,62

Exapports KEXAgain 16

16.1 Ze udnovo papi epparapion unapxer sidavna osi un osfos (CH3 (00H) a pruomi oujusvipuons. To pH tou pp i Inut loo pt 2,68. Thoon civain orgatique zor osiuoi ostos; Diverai n ka=1,7×10-5

Epilonov pH = 2,68 => [H30+] = 10-PH = 10-2,88 = 2,089 × 10-3M

To CHz coot elvar antrin non novem ontinha la uniocazar n 100pponis:

Συγκενημότις (M) CH3 (OOH + H2 O(Ω) ≥ CH3 (OO (ση) + H3 O+ (αη) Apx_{14rs} \times 0 0 \times $+2,089 \times 10^{-3}$ $+2,089 \times 10^{-3}$ $+2,089 \times 10^{-3}$

Isopponid x-2089×10-3 2,089×10-3 2,089×10-3

Expan Ths $K_a = \frac{\text{[CH}_3 coof] \cdot [\text{H}_3 o^{\dagger}]}{[\text{CH}_3 cooH]} = \frac{(2,089 \times 10^{-3})^2}{(\times -2,089 \times 10^{-3})} = 1,7 \times 10^{-5}$ (1)

H & Siowon (1) EXH évar aprimores (x = [CH3 COOH]) non cival revisor Baspion. Mnoporius na va uno décompet à 21 to 2,089 × 10-3 << X mai ra jinh duo pa

All angin: $\frac{(2,089 \times 10^{-3})^2}{\times} = (,7 \times 10^{-5} \Rightarrow) \times = 0,256 \text{ M} \Rightarrow \times = 0,26 \text{ M}$

Apg [CH3 (00 H] = 0, 26 M ('OxTWS FRIBFBQIW V+TQI OZI n neo OF HIM)

16.2 Thom tivas n aspertzemon sórrum usporsion mas to pH tros us attend Scapiquatos HF 0,040 M; Diretal Ka = 6,8 × 10-4 H isopponia Sindaons con audiron offis HF avai m His:

 $\text{Zuyu ergandry (HF (aq) + HzO(l)} \Rightarrow \text{H}_3\text{O}^+(aq) + \text{F}^-(aq)$

Aprilia 0,040

Mrzaßozn -z

Toopports 0,040-20

Findpaon $K_a = \frac{[H_30^+][F^-]}{[HF]} = 6,8 \times 10^{-4} \Rightarrow \frac{\times^2}{0,040-1} = 6,8 \times 10^{-4} \Rightarrow$

 $\Rightarrow \times^{2} + (6,8 \times 10^{-4}) \cdot \times - (2,72 \times 10^{-5}) = 0 \Rightarrow \times = \frac{-6,8 \times 10^{-4} + 0,01045}{2}$ (Reinh va Judzi Enaulibris)

 $\Rightarrow \times = [H_30^+] = 4,88 \times 10^{-3} = 0,0049 = 4,9 \times 10^{-3}M$ (Enisofi rus Ofzunis Avons) Apa pH=-log (4,88×10-3)=2,311=2,31 16.3 ha navera ano ta animor da ajara, anopar deize ar to usatino tou Sia super da rivar à Sivo, Barino n' outiripo. Divovai Kb (NH3) = 1,8×10-5 mai Ka (HNO2) = 4,5 × 10-4 was Kw = 1,0 × 10-14 (a) Naz co3 (b) Ca (cn)z (d) NH4 Clo4 (8) NH4 NO2 (a) Naz CO3 (aq) $\xrightarrow{\text{HzD}}$ 2 Nat + CO3 (aq) To con Nat Ser uspossi trai madois oxtri strai per on ioxupi Baion NaOH To LOV (032 vopo pi trai ws essis: $(03^{2-} + H_20_{(aq)} \Rightarrow H(03_{(aq)} + OH_{(aq)} \Rightarrow To Siagu \mu a now noo unity$ $(ao)_{wis} osi)$ $(\beta) Cax (cn)_{2(aq)} \Rightarrow Ca^{2+} + 2 CN_{(aq)}$ $(aq)_{(aq)} \Rightarrow Ca^{2+} + 2 CN_{(aq)}$ $(aq)_{(aq)} \Rightarrow Ca^{2+} + 2 CN_{(aq)} \Rightarrow Ca^{2+} \Rightarrow Ca^$ To Ca2+ oxezi sezai pet znv ioxupin Baion Ca(OH) z wai Sh uspo zuezai TO CN OXERIBERAL ME TO ADDITION OSÚ HCN MAI US ESTIS: CN+ H20(2) => HCN(aq) + OH (aq) -> Banus Sianupa (r) NH4 Clo4 (aq) + NH4+ (aq) + Clo4 (aq) To avior do4 for uspossition just oxtri strai pet to coxueo osi Helou To varior NH4 extristral per one and win Baion NH3 was varia or winha useo pretal: NH4 (ag) + H2O(R) => NH3 (ag) + H30+(ag) -> 105100 Sianupa (8) NH4 NO2 (aq) H20 > NH4 + NO2 (aq) YSpo zvov tai vai za Sjo iovza: NH4+ (aq) + H2O(e) => NH3+ H30+ (aq) (1) NOZ (aq) + H2O (l) = HNOz(aq) + OH (aq) (2) Apa KI>KZ => [H30+] > [OH] => Dia Aupa o SIVO

16.4 Na υπορογίσετε: (a) τον βαθμό τοντισμού Hf 0,75 M (υδατιμό [Ε διαβνμα), (β) τον βαθμό τοντισμού τον ίδιον διαρύματος που τώρα είναι επιπρέον 0,12 M σε HCl. Δίνεται κα(HF)= 6,8×10-4 Zuperranous (M) Hf (ag) + HzO(R) = + (ag) + HzO(ag) Aexinis 0,75 $K_{a} = \frac{\chi^{2}}{0.75 - \chi} = 6,8 \times 10^{-4} \times \frac{\chi \times 10^{-4}}{0.75 - \chi} = 6,8 \times 10^{-4} = \frac{\chi^{2}}{0.75} = 6,8 \times 10^{-4} = \frac{2}{0.75} =$ Hecaponis Ioopponia 0,75-2 => 21=902258 M = [H30+] -> EUpton pH =-log [H30+] av mas Interior Baspis vortiones (a1) = $\frac{2}{0.75} = \frac{0.02258}{0.75} = 0.0301 = 0.030 \rightarrow 3.0\%$ (B) To HCL WS 10xupo oss Silotatai mingus HCl (ag) + H20(e) -> H30+(ag) + (l(ae) 0,12M 0,12M Apa other 1 supported Sia states row Hf, n [H3 0+)=0,12M 20 Mparton unoign ws apxiny. Zujneropworus (M) Hf (aq) + H2O (e) = f (aq) + H3O+ (aq) Aexium 0,75 Merapores -x ENJRENDMONS 0,75-22 $k_{a} = \frac{(0,12+x).x}{0,75-x} = 6,8 \times 10^{-4} \Rightarrow x = 4,250 \times 10^{-4}$ Extyxus uno dems: 0,75 - x = 0,75 - (4,250 × 10-3) = 0,7457 = 9,75 0,12-2 = 0,12- (4,250×10-3) = 0,1242 = 0,12 Babies continued (az) = $\frac{\times}{0.75} = \frac{4,250\times10^{-3}}{0.75} = 0,00566 = 0,0057 > 0,57%$ Maparnporpet στο (β) ότι ο βαθμός ισντισμού τον HF μετιώντιαι στ σχέση μι- τα (a) γόρω της επίδρασης τον κοινινί ιδντος Hz Ot.

16.5 Eva ρυθμιστικό διαχυμα παρασκινά βεται με προσθήνη 45,0 ml Naf [Ed. 36]

0,15 M σε 35,0 ml Hf 0,10 M. Πόσο είναι το ρΗ του τεχικό διαχύ μαλτως;
Υποχοχίδουμε τις συγκεπτρώσεις [Naf] μαι [Hf] στο τεχικό διαχύμα.

Τεχικός όγως: Υτεχ = 45,0 +35,0 = 80,0 ml = 0,080 L

[Naf] = (0,045 L) × 0,15 μοθ/ = 0,084375 M = [f] αφού Ναf - Naf+f

0,080 L

[Hf] = (0,035 L) × 0,10 μοθ/ = 0,04375 M

Εφαρμόδουμε την εδίσωση Henderson-Husselbach για το ρΗ ενός ρυθμιστικός:

ρ Η = ρ Και + log [βάση] = -log (6,8×10+) + log [f] =>

ρ Η = -log (6,8×10+) + log - 0,04375 = 3,453 = 3,45

2 σημ. μηφ

16.6. Kast più and us aud zou des Siatunivous adopaintial upa aoderoùs os ès HA 0,010 M. Eznjiott où veo pa justi nest pla sia zinnom tivas onom n' zà dos.

(a) H [HA] tival nogi per jagitten and Thr [A-].

Zwoni pazi ra aroberi osta fxon Kakl uai wara owenka n loopponia HA (aq) + HzO(e) Z HzOtcaq) + A (aq) firai petrazoniopetra nupiwi npos znv ny nepa zwo asia ora zwo propiwo HA

(B) H TOHT Gras oxidor ion per Tono [H30+]. Mailos. Auto ox papair theore

To all size o Mailos To alt = -loo [H-0+] Some To all pet

(x) To pH rivar 2. laidos. To pH = log [H30+] Sma. [H30+] = 10-PH =>

TH30+] = 10-2 = 0,010 M. Arri da owe Barve privo

av ro HA mzav roxupi uar scriotato namens

(δ) Η [HA] sivai περί που ion με 0,010 Μ. Σωστή ματί το Η Α ασθινή ναι πρυντρι πεινή πρειονότητα της διαρυμένης ουσίας αναμείνεται γα είναι με τη μορφή ΗΑ

(e) Houpervoywon [Hzot] eivai oxedoù ion me t. Zwozh nadús
pa na de popio HA nou di orostai napa perai èva iòu Hzot vai eva iòu
A.

17.1 H Sianurozna zou dodopision zou pagrnoiou, Mgfz, cirai 0,016 3/L.

Tiòm civai n sianurozna (ot g/L) zou Mgfz ot polopisio nou vargiou, Naf 0,020 H; Divrain H. Myfz = 62,30 amn Bejouvryt zur feakhohopianin gra virozura za Mgfz noi nazonin zur Kgρ απο την ισορροπία διαμνιότωτας. $Γραμμομοριαμή διαμνιότωτα <math>Hgf_2: 0,016g$ $= 2,568×10^4 M$ Tuputrzewons (M) Mgfz (s) = Mg (aq) + 2 f (aq) Aexinis +2,568×10-4 2×2,568×10-4 2,568×10-4 2×2,568×10-4 Heropaacs KSp = [Mg2+]. [f] = (2,568 × 10-4) × (2 × 2,568 × 10-4) = 5,7 76 × 10-11 Er impponid Παρανοία Naf έχαμε αρχιμά πλήρη διάσιασή του δης. Not (s) H20 Nat (aq) + f (aq)

O,020M coppenia Siaprionia)

O,020M correspond Siaprionia)

The service of the correspondence of the Expresqueros (M) Mgfz(s) = Mg2+caq) + 2fcaq) 0 0,020 +2x Aprilles MezaBars Iropponia $K_{SP} = \chi. (0,020+2x)^2 = 6,776x10^{-11} \xrightarrow{\times < 60,020} \times. (0,020)^2 = 6,776x10^{-11}$ => X = 1, 693 × 10-7 M [pappopopiaun digarional Hgfz

Naf 0,020 M

M+20200000 at 9/2

1,693 × 10-7 mol x 62,30 g Mgfz = 1,055 × 10-5 = 1,1 × 10-5 g/L Howan Justinians Hats Establish he 0'0122/ abximiz gratinging

17.2 Avapipriortal za anigorda Siagis para: 1,0 L NaOH 0,00010M [Eq.38] vai 1,0 L Mg SO4 0,0020M. Thepipirtes ornhariosed isiparos; Esnjort. Diverain (sp (MgOH)2) = 1,8×10-11 To NaOH Fival copyen Baion - Scionatal agripus NaOH - Nat + OH To Hg Soy Fivar Evola yvo ages - Silonaras Agian Hg Soy - Mg2++ Sou Ta zòvra Mg²+ vai OH oxnyazisav en Baion Mg (OH) 2 nov Givai Suodia nurn. Or orther springs that Hg^{2+} was OH^{-} Givas $[Hg^{2+}] = \frac{0,0020 \frac{moL}{L} \times 1,0L}{2,0L}$ => [Hg2+] = 1,00 x10-3 M was [OH] = 0,00010M × 1,0L = 5,00 × 10-5 M H roopposid Stazutornzas zov Mg (OH)z Fivat Mg (0H)2 => Mg2+ 20H Apa to proper cirw rival Qc = [Mg27] _ [OH-] 2 = (1,00×10-3).(5,00×10-5) => Qc = 2,50 ×10-12 < Ksp = 1,8 × 10-11 Apa En avapertal opphariopis i siparos. To Sianha cival anopeoro cus neos in Boin Mg (OH)2 17.3 Toro agas la reprévace va siagnerar emporten or osivo siaquea, To Onivo Bapio (Ba SU4) ni ro & Dopi Sio zon Bapion (Bafz); ESnjoirt Divorzal: Ka (Hf) = 6,8×10-4 was Ka (HSO_+) = 1,1×10-2 (a) Ba SO4: I Topponia Siazutoznas:

Ba SO4(s) $\stackrel{\text{He}}{=}$ Ba $\stackrel{\text{2+}}{=}$ Ba $\stackrel{\text{2+}}{=}$ (1) Mapovoid H30T da unapxu avridpaon 41 5042 H30T + S04 (aq) => H504 (aq) + H20(R) (2) ual n Siazveò inza zor Ba say da aven dei . (Mtza zònions ins 100pponios (1) nos ta disia ropu ano manpurons tou reciónsos son avrideron (2))

Yno popopies ins oranteas Kz ins arridoa ou (2) $K_2 = \frac{1}{K_a (HSO_4^-)} = \frac{1}{1,1 \times 10^{-2}} = 90,9$ (B) Bafz: Ioopponia Siagurozneas: Batz (8) => Ba (aq) + 2.f (aq) (3) Maporoid 430+ du unipper avridpaon 41. 20 reción f. H30 (ag) + f (ag) = Hf (ag) + H20(e) (4) vai m biagnéernra von Bafz da ouven dei (Herazonion rus 100 pponies (3) προς τα δεξιά λόμω απομάνρυνους του προϊόντος f στην αντίδραση (4).) Tropopopos en oradepas K4 ens avridouons (4): $K_4 = \frac{L}{K_a (Hf)} = \frac{L}{6.6 \times 10^{-4}} = 1,47 \times 10^3$ Plaparnpoiper or K4 > K2 var vara onther n Enispaon zon H30t eivai nio évran fra en Sia priorina en Batz. 17.4 H KSP TON USPOSENSION TON KOBARTION (II) FIVAI 6,3×10-16 (25°C). (a) Na Benze zny Jeanhopopiani zov Siazvis-inza. (B) Thom Givan n fechlum von Siagurozura or pudpionino Dia jupa nov EXH plt=10, 43; AITIOZOPNOCE EN SIA popa of Jeanhopopand Siadrioruna
(a) Var(B). Eyk.(M) (0 (0H) 2 (S) + 20 H (09) Aexivin

 $K_{SP} = [(0^{2})^{1}] [0H^{-1}]^{2} = \chi. (2\pi)^{2} = 6,3 \times 10^{-6} \Rightarrow \chi^{3} = \frac{6,3 \times 10^{-16}}{4} = 1,575 \times 10^{-16}$ $\Rightarrow \chi = \sqrt{1,575 \times 10^{-16}} = 5,4 \times 10^{-6} M$

Merapopin

Isopponia

+2%

Zuvěxna rns Exappopis 17.4

Eq.40

(B) Apor pH = 10,43 \Rightarrow pOH = 14-10,43 = 3,57 \Rightarrow [OH] = 10-POH \Rightarrow [OH] = 2,69 × 10-4 M H Eupparn This $|C_{SP} = [C_{O}^{2+}] \cdot [OH]^{2} \Rightarrow [C_{O}^{2+}] = \frac{t_{SP}}{[OH]^{2}} = \frac{6,3 \times 10^{-16}}{(2,69 \times 10^{-4})^{2}}$

=> [Co21] = 8,69 × 10-9 M = 8,7×10-9 M (Via Sianviornia)

Japarnen με μείωση της διαγνείστωνας του G (OH) η οποίοι οφείγεται στην mi δραση του μοιγού 10 x zos OH στην ισορεσηία διαγνείστητας.